

## Exercise 2.4.8

Using linear stability analysis, classify the fixed points of the Gompertz model of tumor growth  $\dot{N} = -aN \ln(bN)$ . (As in Exercise 2.3.3,  $N(t)$  is proportional to the number of cells in the tumor and  $a, b > 0$  are parameters.)

### Solution

The fixed points occur where  $\dot{N} = 0$ .

$$-aN^* \ln(bN^*) = 0$$

$$-aN^* = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad bN^* = 1$$

$$N^* = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad N^* = \frac{1}{b}$$

Apply linear stability analysis to determine whether each of these points is stable or unstable.

$$f(N) = -aN \ln(bN)$$

Differentiate  $f(N)$ .

$$\begin{aligned} f'(N) &= -a \ln(bN) - a \\ &= -a[\ln(bN) + 1] \end{aligned}$$

As a result,

$$f'(0) = -a(-\infty) > 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad N^* = 0 \text{ is an unstable fixed point.}$$

$$f'\left(\frac{1}{b}\right) = -a < 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad N^* = 1/b \text{ is a stable fixed point.}$$

The graph of  $(b/a)\dot{N}$  versus  $bN$  below confirms these results.

